

## Appendix #1

Table A1.1: The analysis of the driving forces



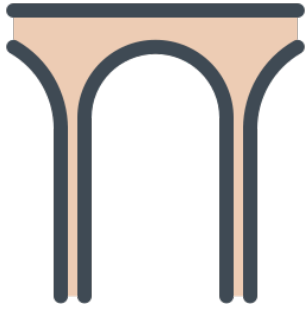
Driving force	Trend	Opportunities	Challenges
Population and demographics	Population has been increasing over time, as a result of in-migration. The fertility rate is below replacement. There is an ageing population and the mortality rate for the region is slightly higher than the state rate. Typically, young people migrate away from Forrest for university or work.	Forrest's advantages could encourage more full-time residents. More women are empowered to enter the workforce if they aren't acting as the primary caregiver for young children. An ageing population is generally retired; retirees often have more time for volunteering and contributing to the community	Forrest has limited space for expansion; any population growth would be subject to the limiting factor of housing availability. The population of the town is ageing as most growth occurs through migration. Children often move away when they turn 18 as there aren't opportunities for tertiary study or work nearby. When young people move away, it leaves a vacuum of young, able-bodied people in town. Limited space for housing means that low mortality could tie up available housing.
Residential land development	Colac Otway Shire have designated Forrest a low-growth community. Land development has been below the expected level of 3.5 permits per year, only one has been issued per year since 2011.	Land exists in town to be built upon, and there is capacity in the number of building permits from Council. If Council permitted more than one residential property to be built upon Farming Zone land, this would allow additional residential housing and potentially alleviate the limits imposed by wastewater requirements.	While there is available land to build on, there is no capacity for additional sewerage. Septic systems within town are already at or beyond safe limits, so the lack of suitable wastewater infrastructure is the real brake on development.
Affordability of property	Median house prices have increased by 188% since 2009, median rents by 30%. There are 140 dwellings in Forrest.	Those selling houses in Forrest today would make a significant profit.	Tourism businesses have been purchasing houses and removing them from the pool of available residential housing. With the

and suitability of housing			limits already existing for land development, this creates genuine scarcity in the housing market, driving up prices for those who wish to buy.
Inequality	In 2016, Forrest had a SEIFA score of 968. This is in the third quintile of the country, and the second quintile of the state. This would put it as a medium-low equity community. Forrest has 20% single parent families (100% of single parents are women). The median family income in Forrest is 35% lower than for the rest of Victoria.	Forrest is a supportive community and provides assistance to those in need, for example through community lunches and foodsharing.	All the various drivers of inequality need to be tackled together to eliminate inequality entirely and is a considerable undertaking.
Local economy	Forrest experienced a major shift in local industry with the cessation of logging in 2008 and the decline of agricultural industries. The development of the Mountain Bike Trail system began the transition to a primarily tourism-based economy. This led to a growth of local small businesses catering to both tourists and local residents. The local community have expressed a desire for diversification of the economy so there are other options for employment growth within the town.	The G21 Colac Otway region profile identifies a number of economic development opportunities through the greater Colac Otway region, including dairy farming and processing; green energy; transport and logistics; tourism; and health care and social assistance. It also notes that the Forrest Common and Forrest Mountain Bike Trails Strategy projects are likely to have positive impact on future economic growth in the Shire.	The expansion of the tourism industry is obstructed by limited housing supply for both accommodation and employees, and by ageing and failing infrastructure. Additional businesses are prevented from being created due to lack of housing and office space (e.g. having service businesses move into the area - accountants, hairdressers, tradespeople etc) and poor connectivity (internet and transport).
Environment	Forrest is located in a biodiversity hotspot, and the Great Otway National Park provides protection for some of that biodiversity. This, along with the mountain bike trails, are the biggest drawcard of the	Forrest and District is a growing hub for regenerative agriculture – where the land is improved as a result of agriculture and carbon is stored in biologically active soil. This limits the use of fertilisers, which	Climate change and potential bushfire impact are both threats to the local environment. There needs to be a pathway out of industry for those who

	local tourism industry. The local residents are proud of their pristine surroundings and dedicated to ensuring they remain so.	reduces agricultural runoff into waterways, improving local water quality and the environment generally	currently work in environmentally degrading industries.
Major infrastructure projects	Forrest has four major infrastructure projects currently in train: The Forrest Gateway Project (requires funding); Wastewater (funding is being sought); upgrades to the Mountain Bike Trails (funding achieved); and the Forrest Common (funding is being sought).	Upgrades to local infrastructure will enable many things which are currently being obstructed: wastewater will have positive effects on housing, health, the economy and the environment. The Mountain Bike Trails will boost tourism, and provide improved trails for locals to use. The Gateway Project will provide both a safer location in case of bushfire as well as a community hub and potential venue for hire. The Forrest Common will provide public space for locals, their children and tourists.	Not fulfilling the infrastructure needs of the community will impede growth in the economy and the population, and have negative effects on housing, health and the environment.
Transport and connectivity	State government are currently upgrading some portions of the Forrest-Apollo Bay Road, and are planning to undertake surfacing work on the Birregurra-Forrest Road near Seven Bridges Road. There is one bus line that runs through Forrest, which runs only on Wednesdays and only once in each direction. During summer months, a more frequent bus service is offered for tourists. NBN Fixed Wireless is known to suffer from congestion issues, and the distance to the	Recent upgrades to the channel routes to Forrest make it easier for tourists to visit the area, and safer for residents to drive. Regular public transport links would allow residents to travel to Colac or Birregurra without the use of a car, decreasing carbon emissions. Improved internet access (fixed and mobile) would encourage new businesses which rely on connectivity, and better support the existing residents and businesses.	Poor road quality may increase the incidence of road deaths. The lack of regular and frequent public transport puts a severe limit on residents who may want to avoid driving, and for tourists who wish to visit that do not drive. Poor mobile reception and internet is a potential safety issue in case of disaster (e.g. bushfire), and also discourages new businesses.

	tower affects internet speeds. The nearest tower to Forrest is in Barwon Downs.		
Local school	Forrest Primary School as the only primary school in the district and contains the Forrest Pre-School in addition to long day-care and out of school hours care, assisting parents who need to travel longer distances for work outside of Forrest.	The school is a significant employer with three full-time and eight part-time staff, and one trainee. The school has offered traineeships to local residents for over 20 years. The school creates traffic for local businesses in town as parents from outside Forrest will visit daily. It also works with many of the community groups in Forrest.	If Forrest were to lose its primary school, there would be many negative knock-on effects causing harm to Forrest's future, from decreased business patronage to young families moving away to access closer schools.
Climate change	Climate change is a global problem but will also affect Forrest at a community level. Such effects include increasing temperatures, drying climates, increased frequency and severity of bushfires, droughts and extreme weather. Encroaching sea level rise is already affecting communities along the Great Ocean Road, with landslips creating dangerous road conditions and impacting coastal properties. To remain safe and stay resilient in the face of climate change, Forrest must anticipate more frequent bushfires, flooding and drought, and develop plans for sustainable recovery.	Dangerous and unsightly conditions along the Great Ocean Road may encourage people to visit further inland.	The effect of climate change on biodiversity is a serious threat by itself, but may also affect Forrest's eco-tourism economy. Forrest is likely to be impacted by bushfire simply through the balance of probabilities, and climate change means that it will likely be harsher and stronger. Bushfire elsewhere in Victoria will affect Forrest's visitor numbers because of bushfire smoke. Decreasing amenity along the Great Ocean Road could push residents to move further inland, potentially into Forrest and District. This plus the increasing cost of farmland as agriculture shifts south, could further affect Forrest's housing affordability.

Table A1.2: The mapping of SDG targets to the community goals

Community goal	SDG Targets
<p>A bushfire safe community</p> 	<p>3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination</p> <p>11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world’s cultural and natural heritage</p> <p>11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations</p> <p>13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries</p> <p>15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements</p> <p>15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species</p>
<p>A diverse and sustainable economy</p> 	<p>8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services</p> <p>8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value</p> <p>8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products</p> <p>11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning</p>
<p>Great private and public infrastructure</p> 	<p>6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations</p> <p>6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate</p> <p>6b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management</p> <p>8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship,</p>

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creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services

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8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead

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11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums

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11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons

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11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities

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A cared-for community



3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being

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3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol

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3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents

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3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all

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6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate

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6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes

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11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums

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11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons

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11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations

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11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning

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13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries

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13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning

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15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements

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15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

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15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts

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#### A secure future



3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being

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3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents

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3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all

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6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity

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6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate

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6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes

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8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services

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8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value


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8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products



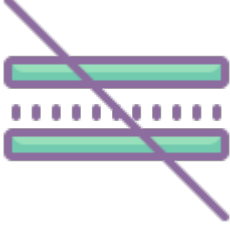
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	11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums
	11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons
	11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world’s cultural and natural heritage
	11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations
	11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
	13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
	13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning
	15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements
	15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species
	15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts

Table A1.3: The mapping of the SDG targets to the community goals

Driving forces	SDG targets
Population and demographics  	3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being
	3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
	3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all



	<p>11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums</p> <p>11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons</p> <p>11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations</p> <p>11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning</p>
<p>Residential land development</p> 	<p>11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums</p> <p>11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries</p> <p>11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage</p> <p>11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning</p>
<p>Affordability of property and suitability of housing</p> 	<p>11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums</p> <p>11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries</p> <p>11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning</p>
<p>Inequality</p> 	<p>3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being</p> <p>3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol</p> <p>3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents</p> <p>3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes</p> <p>3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all</p>

	6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all
	6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
	6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally
	6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
	8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services
	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value
	8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training
	8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment
	8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
	11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums
	11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons
	11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations
Local economy	8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services



8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value

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8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products

11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons

11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning

Environment



3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes

3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination

6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations

6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally


6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity

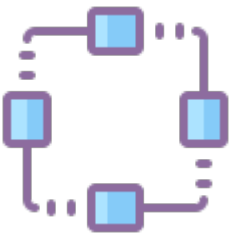
6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate


6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes

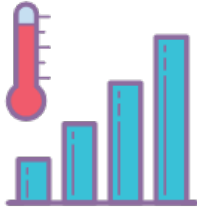
13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries

13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning

	<p>13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning</p> <p>15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements</p> <p>15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally</p> <p>15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development</p> <p>15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species</p> <p>15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species</p> <p>15a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems</p> <p>15b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation</p>
<p>Major infrastructure projects</p> 	<p>3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination</p> <p>6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations</p> <p>6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally</p> <p>6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate</p>

	<p>8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services</p> <p>8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead</p> <p>8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products</p> <p>11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums</p> <p>11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries</p> <p>11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage</p> <p>11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations</p> <p>11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities</p> <p>11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning</p>
<p>Transport and connectivity</p> 	<p>3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents</p> <p>8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors</p> <p>8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services</p> <p>8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products</p> <p>11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums</p>

	<p>11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons</p> <p>11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries</p> <p>13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries</p> <p>13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning</p>
<p>Local school</p> 	<p>3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being</p> <p>3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes</p> <p>8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors</p> <p>8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services</p> <p>8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training</p> <p>11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums</p> <p>11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries</p> <p>11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities</p> <p>11a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning</p>
<p>Climate change</p>	<p>3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination</p>



11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons

11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries

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13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning

15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements

15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally

15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development

15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species

15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts

	15a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems
	15b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation